

Exercise



Rottweiler Puppy Exercise & Growth Safety Guide

Why Exercise Needs to Be Controlled for Large Breeds

Rottweilers are large, heavy-boned dogs that grow rapidly, especially in their first 18–24 months.

Their growth plates (soft cartilage at the ends of bones) remain open until about 18 months.

Too much impact, stress, or twisting movement can damage growth plates, leading to long-term joint deformities or arthritis.

Over-exercise, high-impact play, or repetitive stress can also increase the risk of hip dysplasia, elbow dysplasia, cruciate ligament injury, and early arthritis.

Risky Activities to Avoid During Puppy Growth

Jumping off furniture – beds, couches, chairs (risk of landing injuries to hips, elbows, or shoulders).

Jumping in/out of cars or bakkies – high impact on joints.

Running up and down stairs – can strain hips and joints.

Slippery floors (tiles, laminate, polished surfaces) – risk of slipping, splaying legs, or tearing soft tissues.

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Forced exercise – long walks, jogging, or running with owners before 18 months is unsafe.

Repetitive ball chasing/frisbee – sudden stops and sharp turns are hard on growing joints.

Excessive rough play with larger dogs – risk of being knocked over or injured.

Safe Exercise & Play for Rottweiler Puppies

Short, age-appropriate walks – general guideline: 5 minutes per month of age, up to 2x per day (e.g., a 4-month-old puppy = 20 min walks).

Free play on soft grass – allows natural self-regulated movement.

Gentle tug-of-war – builds strength without impact (always supervised).

Puzzle toys, snuffle mats, and training games – mental stimulation without physical stress.

Swimming (once fully vaccinated) – excellent low-impact exercise that strengthens muscles safely.

Basic obedience training sessions – sit, stay, down, recall, heel (mental work reduces hyperactivity).

Exploration walks – slow-paced sniffing walks on lead, letting the puppy use its nose.





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Safety Precautions at Home

Place non-slip mats or rugs on slippery floors to prevent falls.

Use ramps or steps to help puppies get on/off couches, beds, or cars if absolutely needed (but best to avoid completely).

Block access to stairs with baby gates until puppy is older.

Encourage the puppy to rest often – avoid over-stimulation or too many play sessions in a day.

Supervise play with children and other dogs – prevent accidental injury from rough play or falls.

Key Takeaway

A Rottweiler puppy's skeleton is like a construction site – strong on the outside but still delicate inside. Protecting their joints during growth sets the foundation for a healthy, strong adult dog. Controlled exercise, safe environments, and avoidi



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